# SAFETY DATA SHEET RONSON LIGHTER FLUID

# 1 IDENTIFICATION OF THE SUBSTANCE/PREPARATION AND COMPANY/ UNDERTAKING

APPLICATION: RONSON LIGHTER FLUID

SUPPLIER: Ronson International Ltd.

Station Works Long Buckby

Northampton NN6 7PF United Kingdom

EMERGENCY TELEPHONE: 01327 841 500 (office hours only)

### 2 HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

Highly flammable.

Harmful: may cause lung damage if swallowed.

Irritating to skin.

Toxic to aquatic organisms, may cause long-term adverse effects in the aquatic environment.

Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.

Vapours may cause drowsiness and dizziness.

CLASSIFICATION Xn;R65. Xi;R38. F;R11. N;R51/53. R66, R67.

# 3 COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Name	EC No.	CAS-No.	Content	Classification
SOLVENT NAPHTHA (PETROLEUM), LIGHT ALIPH.; LOW BOILING POINT NAPHTH	265-192-2	64742-89-8	>99%	Carc2;R45 Xn;R65

The full text for all R-Phrases are Displayed in Section 16

EC (EINECS) NO. 265-192-2 CAS-NO. 64742-89-8

COMPOSITION COMMENTS Benzene Content < 0.1%

R45 (may cause cancer) does not apply under Note P of the Approved Supply List

# 4 FIRST-AID MEASURES

# INHALATION

Remove victim immediately from source of exposure.

Place unconscious person on the side in the recovery position and ensure breathing

Get medical attention.

#### **INGESTION**

# DO NOT INDUCE VOMITING!

If risk of unconsciousness, place and transport the victim in secured side position.

Drink plenty of water.

Do not give victim anything to drink if they are unconscious.

Get medical attention immediately!

## SKIN CONTACT

Remove contaminated clothing.

Wash the skin immediately with soap and water.

Get medical attention if any discomfort continues.

# EYE CONTACT

Promptly wash eyes with plenty of water while lifting the eye lids.

Make sure to remove any contact lenses from the eyes before rinsing.

Continue to rinse for at least 15 minutes.

Get medical attention if any discomfort continues.

# **5 FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES**

**EXTINGUISHING MEDIA** 

Stop flow of material to fire.

Fire can be extinguished using:

Water fog or mist.

Foam.

Carbon dioxide (CO2).

Dry chemicals, sand, dolomite etc.

SPECIAL FIRE FIGHTING PROCEDURES

Avoid breathing fire vapours.

Use water to keep fire exposed containers cool and disperse vapours.

Keep run-off water out of sewers and water sources. Dike for water control.

### **6 ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES**

#### **ENVIRONMENTAL PRECAUTIONS**

Protect drains by covering to avoid any spillage entering the drainage system.

### **SPILL CLEAN UP METHODS**

Stop leak if possible without risk.

Extinguish all ignition sources. Avoid sparks, flames, heat and smoking. Ventilate.

Wear necessary protective equipment.

Absorb in vermiculite, dry sand or earth and place into containers.

Disposal should be carried out in accordance with the Hazardous Waste Regulations. If any liquid enters the drainage system or watercourse inform the local authorities, Fire Brigade and Environment Agency

# 7 HANDLING AND STORAGE

### **USAGE PRECAUTIONS**

Do not use in confined spaces without adequate ventilation and/or respirator.

Eliminate all sources of ignition.

Keep away from heat, sparks and open flame.

Avoid inhalation of vapours.

### STORAGE PRECAUTIONS

Store in tightly closed original container in a dry, cool and well-ventilated place.

Keep away from heat, sparks and open flame.

# STORAGE CLASS

Store in accordance with the Petroleum (Consolidation) Act 1928 (UK only)

# 8 EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

Name	Std	LT - ppm	LT - mg/m3	ST - ppm	ST - mg/m3
VMP C Naphtha	OEL Sol	300		mg/m3	

#### PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT





### **ENGINEERING MEASURES**

Must not be handled in confined space without sufficient ventilation.

# HAND PROTECTION

Chemical resistant gloves required for prolonged or repeated contact.

Use protective gloves made of:

Impermeable material.

# **EYE PROTECTION**

Wear approved safety goggles.

#### **HYGIENE MEASURES**

Wash at the end of each work shift and before eating, smoking and using the toilet.

Wash promptly with soap & water if skin becomes contaminated.

DO NOT SMOKE IN WORK AREA!

# 9 PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

APPEARANCE Clear Liquid

COLOUR Colourless

ODOUR Hydrocarbon

VOLATILITY DESCRIPTION Volatile.

SOLUBILITY Insoluble in water Miscible with Organic solvents

**BOILING POINT (℃)** 100 - 125 760 mm Hg **RELATIVE DENSITY** 0.710 @ 15 ℃

**FLASH POINT (℃)** 5 CC (Closed cup).

TEMPERATURE (℃) > 250

**AUTO IGNITION** 

FLAMMABILITY LIMIT -

FLAMMABILITY LIMIT -

LOWER(%) 1.6 UPPER(%) 8.0

### 10 STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

#### **STABILITY**

No particular stability concerns. Avoid: Heat, sparks, flames.

# 11 TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

### **TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION**

No data available

# 12 ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

#### **ECOTOXICITY**

Dangerous for the environment if discharged into watercourses.

# 13 DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

### **DISPOSAL METHODS**

This material must be disposed of via an Authorised Waste/Disposal Company in accordance with Local and or National Waste Disposal Regulations.

#### **WASTE CLASS**

AIR PACK GR.

Waste Code: 07 01 04 Waste code 13.02.05

### 14 TRANSPORT INFORMATION



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UK ROAD CLASS 3

**PROPER SHIPPING NAME** PETROLEUM DISTILLATES NOS (C7-C8 HYDROCARBONS)

UN NO. ROAD 1268 UK ROAD PACK GR. Ш ADR CLASS Class 3: Flammable liquids. ADR PACK GROUP P.G. II HAZARD NO. (ADR) 33 Highly flammable liquid **HAZCHEM CODE** 3YE (flash-point below 23℃). P.G. II **RID CLASS NO. RID PACK GROUP** UN NO. SEA 1268 **IMDG CLASS** 3 IMDG PACK GR. Ш MARINE POLLUTANT No. UN NO. AIR 1268 **AIR CLASS** 3

### 15 REGULATORY INFORMATION

### **LABELLING**







If swallowed, do not induce vomiting: seek medical advice immediately and show this container

Harmful

Highly flammable

Dangerous for the environment

CONTAINS RISK PHRASES	SOLVENT NAPHTHA (PETROLEUM), LIGHT ALIPH.; LOW BOILING POINT NAPHTH		
	R11	Highly flammable.	
	R65	Harmful: may cause lung damage if swallowed.	
	R38	Irritating to skin.	
	R51/53	Toxic to aquatic organisms, may cause long-term adverse effects in the aquatic environment.	
	R66	Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.	
	R67	Vapours may cause drowsiness and dizziness.	
SAFETY PHRASES			
	S9	Keep container in a well-ventilated place.	
	S16	Keep away from sources of ignition - No smoking.	
	S24	Avoid contact with skin.	
	S37	Wear suitable gloves.	
	S51	Use only in well-ventilated areas.	
	S57	Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination.	
	S60	This material and its container must be disposed of as hazardous waste.	
	S61	Avoid release to the environment. Refer to special instructions/safety data sheets.	

### UK REGULATORY REFERENCES

Petroleum (Consolidation) Act, as amended 1984 SI 1244.

S62

The Chemical (Hazard Information and Packaging for Supply Regulations) 1993 amended & 2002.

CDG Road, The Classification , Packaging and Labelling Regulations 1996.

Health and Safety at Work Act 1974.

The Control of Substances Hazardous to Health Regulations 1988.

### **EU DIRECTIVES**

Dangerous Substance Directive 67/548/EEC.

Dangerous Preparations Directive 1999/45/EC.

### STATUTORY INSTRUMENTS

Chemicals (Hazard Information and Packaging) Regulations.

Control of Substances Hazardous to Health.

# APPROVED CODE OF PRACTICE

Classification and Labelling of Substances and Preparations Dangerous for Supply.

# **GUIDANCE NOTES**

Workplace Exposure Limits EH40.

### **16 OTHER INFORMATION**

### INFORMATION SOURCES

Fire and Related Properties of Industrial Chemicals

Fire Protection Association.

#### DISCLAIMER

The information in this document has been compiled on the basis of the best available knowledge in accordance with the requirements of the Chemical Hazards, Information and Packaging regulations 1994 (as amended 1999). It does not imply that the information is complete or accurate in all cases. It is the user's responsibility to satisfy themselves as to the application of the information and/or the recommendations given for their own use.